

Project Information to Request Letter of Support

www.sofarcohesivestrategy.org

Send to: scot.rogers@USDA.Gov, sophie@cbi.org

Your project will be discussed at the SOFAR Collaborative or Landscape Vision Committee meeting (see web site for details.)

Deadline:

Your Name, Tel, Email

Project Name

Project Sponsor

Description of Project Area

Project Summary

Total Acres

Map available

Photo

Treatment Types

[List of Non-Controversial and Controversial Actions](#)

Please review the list of SOFAR Activities and check all that apply:

- Actions are in “green light” noncontroversial
- Actions are in “yellow light” moderate and some discussion is needed
- Actions are in “red Light” controversial, and thorough discuss is needed in advance of SOFAR being able to offer support

List of Non-Controversial and Controversial Actions

Check all items that apply below:

Green Light

- Road repairs to improve water quality.
- Road repairs to provide fire fighting access
- Routine maintenance along utility easement.
- Improvements to developed facilities within the existing footprint.
- Prescribed fire with agency-approved plan.
- Plantation thinning when consistent with the forest plan and using General Technical Report 220 [\[Link\]](#) principles.
- Removing trees less than 16" dbh
- Herbicide use as a temporary treatment to change vegetation conditions or to treat non-natives, not as long-term maintenance strategy.

Yellow Light

- Re-routing roads and trails around meadows.
- Logging trees 16 to 20" dbh in key habitat areas like PACs or den buffers.
- Logging trees 20 to 30" dbh in HRCAs and fisher territories.
- Aspen restoration that includes logging trees >30" dbh (even if legacy trees are retained).
- Herbicide near drinking water source
- Meadow restoration that does not include logging legacy trees (*defined as predated logging*).

Red Light

- Road development.
- Logging in inventoried roadless areas.
- Logging trees >20" in PACs.
- Logging trees >30" dbh for "forest health" (e.g., red fir dwarf mistletoe).
- Reducing canopy cover in high quality spotted owl habitat to a lower canopy cover class.
- Reducing canopy cover to less than 50% in spotted owl HRCAs.
- Multiple CEs for logging used in a concentrated area over a short duration (cumulative effects).
- Salvage logging, especially when sensitive wildlife may be affected.
- Aspen restoration that includes logging legacy trees.
- Herbicide use for plantation establishment.
- Herbicide use for creating or maintaining large fuel breaks indefinitely.
- Rare and sensitive plants near activities, including staging areas.